

P. P. SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Fifth Semester of B.Sc. Examination

December-2021

SSCH3210-Applied Chemistry- Microscopy Techniques

15.12.2021, Wednesday Time: 12:30 p.m. to 03:00 p.m. Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. The question paper comprises of two sections.
2. Section I and II must be attempted in separate answer sheets.
3. Make suitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.
4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

Section-I (Total Marks - 30)

Q.1 Short Questions

[10]

1.1 Objectives

[05]

1.1a Ratio of diameter of lens to its focal length

- A Numerical Aperture
- B Resolution
- C Definition
- D Magnification

1.1b Definition of contrast

- A Differences in intensity between two objects
- B Differences in intensity between object and background
- C Differences in intensity between objects and surface
- D Both A & B are correct

1.1c Metal which is used for electron beam generation in SEM?

- A W
- B Mg
- C Hg
- D Zn

1.1d Full form of PMT

- A Photo multiplier tube
- B Photo Magnitude tube
- C Photo multi-layer tube
- D Pure metal transistor

1.1e Full form of SEI

- A Secondary electron Imaging
- B Secondary energy Intensity
- C Scanning Electron Imaging
- D Surface Energy Imaging

1.1f BSE are

- A High energy electron
- B Low energy electron
- C Moderate energy electron
- D Auger electron

1.1g What is Cryo-SEM

- A Allows samples to be viewed in the frozen state
- B Allows samples to be viewed in the normal state
- C Allows samples to be viewed in the hot state
- D Both B & C are correct

1.1h Required treatment of biological specimen in SEM

- A Removing and cleaning of tissues
- B Fixation
- C Dehydration and drying
- D All are correct

1.1i Bright-field microscope

- A Produces a dark image against a brighter background
- B Produces a dark image against a darker background
- C Produces a bright image against a brighter background
- D Produces a bright image against a darker background

1.1j Types of Optics

- A 3
- B 2
- C 1
- D 5

1.2 Answer the Following: (MCQ/Short Question/Fill in the Blanks) [05]

1.2a The study of light as rays is called _____

1.2b Define the term DIC?

1.2c _____ Source is usually used in DIC?

1.2d Full form of AFM _____? (atomic force microscope)

1.2e Give one advantages and disadvantages of SEM microscope?

Q.2 Short Notes (Attempt any two) [06]

A State the comparison between SEM and TEM?

B Discuss about the different types of Microscopes?

C What is magnification? Calculate the total magnification of a microscope, if the magnification of eye piece and objective are 20X and 30X?

Q.3 Explain in detail (Attempt any two) [14]

A Discuss and draw the secondary electron generation, back scatter electron generation and X-ray generation of SEM?

B Describe the Dark field microscope with proper diagram and labeling?

C State about the magnetic lens system and vacuum system of SEM?

Section-II (Total Marks - 30)

Q.1 Short Questions

[10]

1.1 Objectives

[05]

1.1a Full form of TEM

- A Transmission electron microscopy
- B Transfer electron microscopy
- C Targeted electron microscopy
- D Transmission atomic microscopy

1.1b Properties of TEM

- A Electrons illuminate the specimen through a condenser lens system.
- B A thin specimen is irradiated with an electron beam
- C Objective lens provides the formation of either image
- D All of the above are correct

1.1c Properties of condenser lens

- A Illuminates the specimen
- B Relatively weak lens
- C Longer focal length than objective
- D All of the above are correct

1.1d Types of vacuum pump are used for TEM

- A 2
- B 3
- C 4
- D 1

1.1e In Tapping mode

- A Cantilever is driven to oscillate up and down
- B Tip almost touches the surface
- C Force on tip is repulsive
- D Tip does not contact the surface

1.1f Lateral force microscopy

- A Scanned sideways
- B Scanned perpendicularly
- C Scanned horizontally
- D Scanned vertically

1.1g In constant force mode of imaging

- A Move the cantilever up and down
- B Cantilever is dragged across the surface of the sample
- C Tip is free to move up and down
- D All of the above are correct

- 1.1h Tapping mode of AFM needs
- A Better Resolution
 - B Lower Resolution
 - C High Resolution
 - D All of the above are correct

- 1.1i Tip-surface separation in contact mode of AFM
- A < 0.5 nm
 - B 0.5-2 nm
 - C 0.1-10 nm
 - D 20 nm

- 1.1j Fabrication of Tip of AFM
- A sharp
 - B not Sharp
 - C soft
 - D High sensitive

1.2 Answer the Following: (MCQ/Short Question/Fill in the Blanks) [05]

- 1.2a Name the different components of TEM?
- 1.2b Screen emits _____ light when bombarded with electrons.
- 1.2c Write one disadvantages of TEM?
- 1.2d Name the material which is used for fabrication of cantilever of AFM?
- 1.2e Write down the advantages of non-contact mode of AFM?

Q.2 Short Notes (Attempt any two) [06]

- A Discuss about advantages and disadvantages of TEM
- B Discuss about Non-contact mode of AFM?
- C Explain the topography of AFM?

Q.3 Explain in detail (Attempt any two) [14]

- A How does AFM work? Discuss about fabrication of tip and cantilever of AFM?
- B Draw the schematic diagrams of main components of AFM with proper labelling? Discuss about the application of TEM in biomedical field?
- C Draw the schematic diagram of Beam and Specimen Interaction of TEM? State the principle of TEM?